

RISK OF BUSINESSES DEFAULTING

A1

A2

A3

A4

B

C

D

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↓

VERY LOW

LOW

QUITE ACCEPTABLE

ACCEPTABLE

SIGNIFICANT

HIGH

VERY HIGH

POSITIVE WATCH

NEGATIVE WATCH

160 COUNTRIES UNDER THE MAGNIFYING GLASS

A UNIQUE METHODOLOGY

- Macroeconomic expertise in assessing country risk
- Comprehension of the business environment
- Microeconomic data collected over 70 years of payment experience

UNDER POSITIVE OR NEGATIVE WATCH



- Italy
- Ivory Coast
- Latvia



- Finland
- Hong Kong
- Japan
- Kazakhstan
- Namibia
- Taiwan
- Zambia

UPGRADE

DOWNGRADES

HUNGARY

A4

- Solid growth (+3% in 2015 and +2.4% in 2016)
- Diversified exports

CANADA

A2

- Oil price drop hampers Canada's growth
- Risk of a housing bubble
- Economic recovery will largely depend on the US growth

SOUTH AFRICA

B

- Agriculture production suffering from severe drought
- High unemployment and inflation weigh on household demand
- Political situation remains fragile
- Instability of the exchange rate

ALGERIA

B

- Economy is heavily reliant on oil and gas sector
- Large public deficit

BAHRAIN

B

- Private sector activity will suffer from further decline in consumer and business confidence
- Political uncertainties
- High and rising public debt

BRAZIL

C

- Investment, consumption and industrial activity are still declining
- Impact of the current political crisis may delay the budget adjustment process

GABON

C

- Investment slowed by fiscal adjustment linked to oil dependency
- Social and political situation might become more strained in the lead-up to the next legislative and presidential elections in 2016

TANZANIA

C

- The shilling against the US dollar may continue in 2016
- Difficult political environment: elections on the Zanzibar island have been cancelled due to fraud allegations

MADAGASCAR

D

- Growth limited by political uncertainties
- Low level of nickel and cobalt prices, the leading sources of export earnings for the country, will limit exports

